## APPEAL NO. 032899 FILED DECEMBER 11, 2003

This appeal arises pursuant to the Texas Workers' Compensation Act, TEX. LAB. CODE ANN. § 401.001 *et seq.* (1989 Act). A contested case hearing was held on October 2, 2003. The hearing officer resolved the disputed issues by deciding that the appellant (claimant) did not sustain a compensable injury on \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, and did not have disability within the meaning of the 1989 Act. The claimant appealed, arguing that the hearing officer erroneously determined that the claimant did not sustain a compensable injury and did not have disability. The respondent (carrier) responded, urging affirmance.

## **DECISION**

Affirmed.

The hearing officer did not err in determining that the claimant did not sustain a compensable injury on . The claimant had the burden of proof on that issue. Johnson v. Employers Reinsurance Corp., 351 S.W.2d 936 (Tex. Civ. App.-Texarkana 1961, no writ). The injury issue presented a question of fact for the hearing officer to resolve. The hearing officer is the sole judge of the relevance and materiality of the evidence and of its weight and credibility. Section 410.165(a). The hearing officer resolves the conflicts and inconsistencies in the evidence and decides what facts the evidence has established. Texas Employers Ins. Ass'n v. Campos, 666 S.W.2d 286 (Tex. App.-Houston [14th Dist.] 1984, no writ). The hearing officer determined that the credible evidence did not establish that the claimant sustained a compensable injury and found that the claimant failed to show by the preponderance of the evidence that he suffered damage to the physical structure of his body in an incident at work on . The hearing officer was acting within his province as the fact finder Nothing in our review of the record demonstrates that the challenged in so finding. determination is so against the great weight and preponderance of the evidence as to be clearly wrong or manifestly unjust; therefore, no sound basis exists for us to reverse the injury determination on appeal. Pool v. Ford Motor Co., 715 S.W.629 (Tex 1986); Cain v. Bain, 709 S.W.2d 175 (Tex. 1986).

The 1989 Act requires the existence of a compensable injury as a prerequisite to a finding of disability. Section 401.011(16). Because we have affirmed the determination that the claimant did not sustain a compensable injury, we likewise affirm the determination that he did not have disability.

We affirm the decision and order of the hearing officer.

The true corporate name of the insurance carrier is **(carrier)** and the name and address of its registered agent for service of process is

CDW (ADDRESS) (CITY), TEXAS (ZIP CODE).

CONCUR:
Judy L. S. Barnes
Appeals Judge
Gary L. Kilgore
Appeals Judge